

Data Resource Center for Child & Adolescent Health www.childhealthdata.org

Data for Action: Using the Data Resource Center To Strengthen Your Story!

Presented by:
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Christina Bethell
Becky Adelmann
Wendy Benz

Moderated by: Renee Schwalberg







Data Resource Center for Child & Adolescent Health

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Data Resource Center for Child & Adolescent Health

Agenda

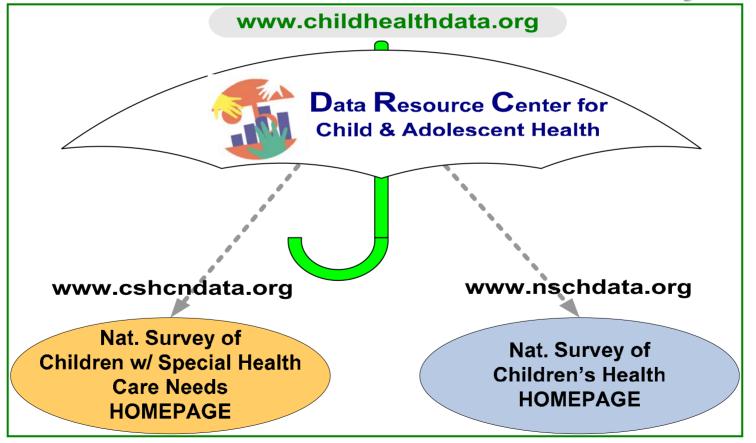
- Introduction and Overview Nora Wells
- Tips on How Data Helps Becky Adelmann
- How to Use the Website—Christina Bethell
- Real Data in Action Wendy Benz

Introduction and Overview

Nora Wells

DRC Website

WEBSITE - <u>www.childhealthdata.org</u> serves as an umbrella site for national survey data





What is the DRC?

Interactive Data Resource Center providing:

1. Hands-on, User-Friendly Access to Data

- National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs (NS-CSHCN)
- National Survey of Children's Health (NSCH)

2. Resources and Information about Data

 Examples of how other state and family leaders are using these data findings, background about the national surveys, resources about health of children



What is the DRC?

Interactive Data Resource Center providing:

3. Education

 Obtain technical assistance for understanding, interpreting and using data, online workshops, and opportunities to partner with other stakeholders to discuss, interpret and act on data findings



What is the Purpose of the DRC?

1. Centralize Data

Provide centralized, user-friendly, web-based access to standardized national and state level survey findings

2. Increase Knowledge

Build common knowledge and capacity for using data to stimulate and inform system change locally and nationally and opportunities to partner with other stakeholders to discuss, interpret and act on data findings



- Developed and led by CAHMI -- Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative based at the Oregon Health & Science University in Portland OR
- National advisory group provides ongoing guidance and development of standardized indicators
- Sponsored by the federal Maternal and Child Health Bureau

Tips on How Data Helps

Becky Adelmann



Knowledge of Audience

3 Scenarios:

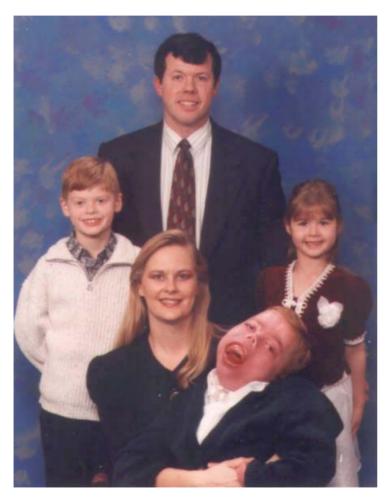
- DON'T KNOW basic stats
- 2. KNOW BUT DON'T CARE compelling stats
- 3. KNOW BUT DON'T BELIEVE stats from credible source

"At the end of the day, people change or support change for emotional reasons. Data helps them then rationalize their decisions."

Kristin Grimm, Spitfire Strategies



Data Impact



Family stories give a face and heart to needs.

Data expands family stories to inform policy debates and drive change.



Select data facts that:

- Support your goal
- Are persuasive and resonate with audience
- Are believable
- Make social sense
- Overcome barriers or skepticism

- Find positive stats to show progress
- Use personal stories to illustrate data
- Be consistent !!!
- Less is often "MORE"



Make social sense:

There are more gun shops in California than McDonald's.

Find positive stats to show progress:

Title IX was so successful that it increased young women's participation in high school sports by 847 %.



How has the DRC Has Been Used?

Identifying/documenting needs

- How many children in your state have unmet needs?
- How does data support what you're hearing from providers, families, other agencies?

Building Partnerships

- What partners could use this data: Public programs, health plans, hospitals, providers, community groups, faith based organizations?
- How can you share data to support common efforts, improve care?



How has the DRC Has Been Used?

Educating Policymakers

- Key policy issues for your state
- Programs needs for information
- Data to educate about child health needs

Advocacy

- Pressure points in program budgets, priorities
- Effective methods to present your case
- Use of data in Fact Sheets, testimony, the media, to strengthen family stories

Grant Writing

Use of data to strengthen your proposal



FAST FACTS

- HB 2406 will create a Medically Involved Home Care Program in the Department of Human Services.
- Up to 200 children will be eligible for Medicaid Waiver services irrespective of family income.
- Services may include home nursing care, durable medical equipment, and respite care.



Medicaid Waiver

for medically-involved children

Oregon families caring for medically involved children receive very little, if any, support or assistance. Many families are forced to place their children in foster care or nursing homes. Others impoverish themselves to access Medicaid services. Many more simply exhaust themselves physically and financially as they provide demanding care 24 hours a day, putting their entire families at risk. Oregon is one of the few states in the nation that does not provide access to a Medicaid Waiver for medically-involved children.

Who are "medically involved children"? These are children whose level of disability requires total assistance with eating, dressing, toileting, and mobility. They may use feeding tubes, incontinence supplies, require durable medical equipment, and often require frequent repositioning over a 24 hour period.

What would a Medicaid Waiver do?

A waiver would allow medically-involved children to receive help and support in their family home even if their family is not eligible for Medicaid.

Why should Oregon seek a Medicaid Waiver for medically-involved children?

- Children should have the opportunity to grow up in their own home with families who love them.
- Families should not be forced to choose out-ofhome placement to meet their children's needs.
- It costs less to support a child in their family home than in a nursing home or foster care.

1/2007 v7



FAST FACTS

- → Over 24% of Oregon families of children with special healthcare needs report financial problems due to their child's medical expenses.
- → Nearly 33% of Oregon families of children with special healthcare needs have cut back or stopped working in order to meet their child's health needs.

Family Opportunity Act Expanded access to healthcare for children with disabilities

Families of children with disabilities often face extraordinary out-of-pocket expenses to meet their children's health needs. Even with private insurance, families may not have coverage available for items such as therapies, durable medical equipment, and/or procedures related to the child's disability diagnosis. Many families incur tremendous medical expenses in caring for their children, and some families impoverish themselves in order to maintain eligibility for Medicaid coverage. Over 42% of Oregon families of children with special healthcare needs have inadequate insurance coverage.

HB 2407 would allow Oregon to take advantage of the Federal Family Opportunity Act (FOA), providing families of children with disabilities the opportunity to buy into the State Medicaid Program.

Who would be eligible in Oregon?

8.5 x 11 in



ational Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

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- TELL A FRIEND





Data in Action

Compelling stories and examples of ways others are using data from the Data Resource Center to make a difference!

€ GO

is

Family Opportunity Act

The Oregon Developmental Disabilities Coalition used data from the DRC to write a Fact Sheet on expanding access to healthcare for children and their families. The Fact Sheet was provided to state legislators by family advocates.

Arizona's Children with Special Health Care Needs

Wendy Benz, Coordinator of Family Health Information with Raising Special Kids, used data from the DRC to communicate stories and statistics to policymakers, while working to improve Arizona's health care delivery system.

Medicaid Waiver

The Oregon Developmental Disabilities Coalition used data from the DRC to write a Fact Sheet for state legislators to encourage support of a Medicaid waiver for medically involved children. The one page document provides a quick overview that clearly outlines facts and how proposed legislation will benefit children and their families.

Family Voices Leader in North Dakota

Donene Feist, a parent activist, understands the power of data to support and strengthen the stories parents and caregivers have to tell about the challenges of caring for children with special needs.

Racial/Ethnic Disparities in Adolescent and Young Adult Health

The Center for Applied Research and Technical Assistance (CARTA) used data from the DRC in a report on racial/ethnic disparities in adolescent and young adult health.

Substance abuse treatment duration for Medicaid versus commercial clients in an HMO

Presented by Frances Lynch February 14th, 2006

Children's Health, The Nation's Wealth: Assessing and Improving Child Health

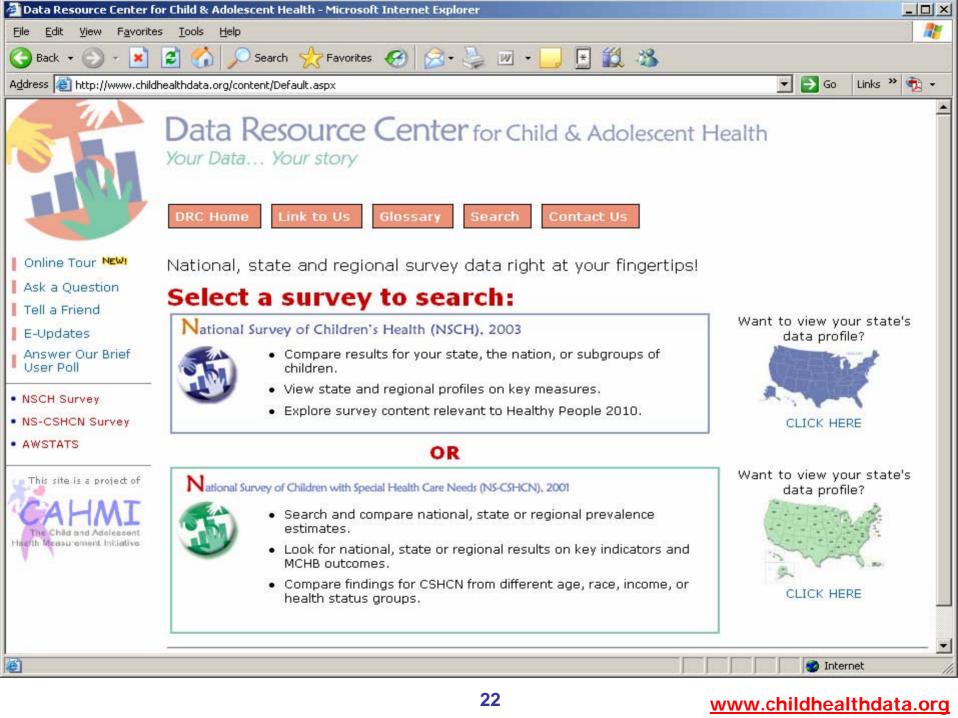
The National Academies of Science used data from the National Survey of Children's Health in a report that offers a new framework for the health measurement of children.

National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

Chartbooks, Presentations, and Publications related to the National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

How to Use the Website

Christina Bethell





What Are the Differences?

NSCH NS-CSHCN

NS-CSHCN

Population

All children

CYSHCN

Topic Areas

Health, Family, Neighborhood

Health, Unmet Needs, Family Impact

Sample Size per state

2,000 (300 CSHCN)

750

National Survey of Children's Health Data Resource Center — Your Data... Your story

Child Health Measures Over 60 measures of child health and well-being derived from the survey Physical and Emotional and Health Insurance Health Care Access Community and Family Health and Neighborhood School Activities Dental Health Mental Health Coverage and Quality Activities Safety and Support 3.1 Currently insured 5.1 Early childhood school 7.1 Supportive neighborhoods 1.1 Child health status 3.2 Consistent health insurance coverage 7.2 Safe neighborhoods 5.2 Repeating grades in school 1.2 Healthy teeth 1.3 Breastfed ever 3.3 Insurance type 5.3 Activities outside of school 7.3 Safe schools 1.4 BMI for age 5.4 Volunteer activities 5.5 Work for pay 1.5 Physical activity 1.6 Lost school days 5.6 Reading for pleasure 1.7 Childhood injuries 5.7 Religious services attendance 1.8 Accidental poisoning 1.9 Moderate or severe health 1.10 Impact of asthma on child 6.1 Maternal physical health status 1.11 Impact of asthma on family 4.1 Preventive medical care 6.2 Maternal mental health status 1.12 Hospitalization for asthma 4.2 Getting needed preventive dental care 6.3 Overall maternal health status 4.3 Medical and dental preventive care 6.4 Household smoking 4.4 Emergency room visits 6.5 Working poor households 4.5 Getting needed mental health care 6.6 Outings with family 6.7 Reading to young children 4.6 Getting needed medical care 2.1 Parent-reported concerns 4.7 Getting needed rx meds 6.8 Shared meals 2.2 At risk for developmental delay 4.8 Medical home 6.9 Adequate sleep 2.3 Socio-emotional difficulties 4.9 Personal doctor or nurse (PDN) 6.10 TV watching 2.4 Impact of children's socio-emotional 4.10 Communication with PDN 6.11 Staying home alone difficulties on family 4.11 Getting needed care from PDN 6.12 Parental aggravation with child 2.5 Social competence 4.12 Access to specialty care or services 6.13 Last minute child care changes 2.6 Problematic behaviors 4.13 Care coordination from PDN 6.14 Impact of child care on family work life 2.7 Medication for ADD/ADHD 4.14 Doctor asks about concerns 6.15 Child care issues 2.8 Autism ever 4.15 Getting needed information 6.16 Non-parental child care





2005-2006 National Survey of Children with Special

Key Indicators and Core Outcomes

Health Care Needs

Data Resource Center - Your Data... Your story

5 Core Outcomes Possible to Assess (organized by degree of expected comparability to 2001)

- Comparability Not Impacted
- Outcome #1: Families partners in decision-making/satisfied with services Outcome #3: Adequate insurance
- Comparability Likely Impacted Outcome #2: Medical Home (four of five components had significant changes in survey items used).

Outcome #5: Community-based services organized so families can use

Outcome #6: Transition to Adulthood

Key Indicators with No Changes Expected to Substantially Impact Comparability to 2001

- . Indicator #1: % with health conditions consistently and often greatly affecting daily activities.
- Indicator #2: % school-age children and youth with 11 or more days of school absences due to illness
- . Indicator #3: % with any gap in insurance
- Indicator #4: % currently uninsured
- . Indicator #5: % with currently insured with adequate insurance
- . Indicator #6: % with unmet needs for range of specific services
- . Indicator #11: % with family-centered
- Indicator #13: % with families. experiencing financial problems due to child's health
- Indicator #14: % with families spending 11+ hours per wk providing/coordinating care for child.

Key Indicators with Substantive Changes that May Impact Comparison with 2001

- Indicator #7b: % whose families with unmet family support services (respite, genetic counseling or mental health services)
- . Indicator #8: % problems getting needed referral(s).
- Indicator #9: % without usual source of care or who rely on the ER
- . Indicator #10: % without a personal doctor or nurse.
- . Indicator #12: % with families paying more then \$1000 for child's medical expenses.
- . Indicator #15: % with family members who cut back or stopped working due to child's health needs.

Major New 2005/06 Topics Not Available in 2001

Health and functioning

- 1. 18 items on specific physical, social and communication functioning issues child experiences
- 2. 18 items on the name of specific health conditions or problems child currently has.

· Health care access and utilization

- 1. Number of ER visits
- 2. Problems getting referrals for doctors or other services.

Other Topics

- 1. Primary household language
- 2. Need and get interpreter
- 3. Family composition

*There are many other "new" items. However, these are in topical areas also represented in 2001 survey. Go to www.childhealthdata.org for more information.



Three Types of Data

- 1. State Profile Tables
- 2. "All States" Comparison Tables
- 3. Data Graphs and Tables for Every Indicator
 - Comparing an indicator across any two geographic areas and
 - Comparing indicators across subgroups of children by age, race, insurance status, income, family structure, health status, etc.

Example of State Profile

Children with Special Health Care Needs - State Data - Microsoft Internet Exp. en

National Survey of Children with Special Health Cal Needs, 20 California

Children ages 0-17 years old

Prin. Close

| Child Louis Desurations | Ctata B | Nation % |
|---|---------|----------|
| Child-Level Prevalence: | State % | Mation % |
| Percentage of Children & Youth with Special Health Care Needs, 0 - 17 yrs old | 10.3 | 12.8 |
| Household-Level Prevale | ence: | |
| Percentage of Households with Children that have one or more CYSHCN, 0 - 17 yrs old | 17.0 | 20.0 |
| Prevalence by Age: | | |
| Children 0-5 years of age | 5.7 | 7.8 |
| Children 6-11 years of age | 11.2 | 14.6 |
| Children 12-17 years of age | 14.0 | 15.8 |
| Prevalence by Sex: | | |
| Female | 8.3 | 10.5 |
| Male | 12.3 | 15.0 |
| Prevalence by Poverty L | evel: | |
| 0% - 99% FPL | 7.5 | 13.6 |
| 100% - 199% FPL | 9.7 | 13.6 |
| 200% - 399% FPL | 11.0 | 12.8 |
| 400% FPL or greater | 13.8 | 13.6 |
| Prevalence by Race/Ethn | icity: | |
| Hispanic | 7.6 | 8.5 |

| Indicator | | |
|--|---------|----------|
| Child Health: | State % | Nation % |
| % of CYSHCN whose health conditions consistently and often greatly affect their daily activities. | 24.0 | 23.2 |
| % of CYSHCN with 11 or more days of school absences due to illness. | 16.2 | 15.8 |
| Health Insurance Coverage: | | |
| 3) % of CYSHCN without insurance at some point during the past year. | 9.9 | 11.6 |
| 4) % of CYSHCN currently uninsured. | 4.3 | 5.2 |
| % of currently insured CYSHCN with coverage that is not adequate. | 36.5 | 33.8 |
| Access to Care: | | |
| 6) % of CYSHCN with 1 or more unmet needs for specific health care services. | 23.1 | 17.7 |
| 7b) % of CYSHCN whose families needed but did not get all respite care, genetic counseling and/or mental health services. | 25.1 | 23.1 |
| % of CYSHCN needing specialty care who had problems getting a referral. | 27.3 | 21.9 |
| % of CYSHCN without a usual source of care (or who rely on the emergency room). | 9.5 | 9.3 |
| 10) % of CYSHCN without a personal | 13.2 | 11.0 |

Example of "All State" Comparison Table (Option to Sort by Rank)

Prevalence Data Criteria selected: All States 2003 Physical and Dental Health Weight status of children/youth ages 10-17 based on Body Mass Index for age (BMI-for-age) Add to briefcase Print version New Query New Topic New Question Compare Subgroups

Question: Indicator 1.4 What is the weight status of children/youth ages 10-17 based on Body Mass Index for age (BMI-for-age)? (derived)

Notes: Click on the Column Header to sort the results by ascending or descending order.

To get a detailed explanation of the data HOVER over the text in the table.

| <u>Region</u> | Underweight % | Normal weight <u>%</u> | <u>At risk of</u> <u>overweight %</u> | Overweight % | Total % |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|--------------|---------|
| <u>Nationwide</u> | 4.9 | 64.6 | 15.7 | 14.8 | 100.0 |
| <u>Alaska</u> | 5.7 | 63.6 | 19.6 | 11.1 | 100.0 |
| <u>Alabama</u> | 6.1 | 59.3 | 17.9 | 16.7 | 100.0 |
| <u>Arkansas</u> | 6.3 | 60.8 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 5.0 | 65.3 | 17.5 | 12.2 | 100.0 |
| California | 4.7 | 65.3 | 16.8 | 13.2 | 100.0 |
| <u>Colorado</u> | 6.0 | 72.0 | 12.0 | 9.9 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 4.8 | 67.9 | 15.0 | 12.3 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 5.6 | 54.8 | 16.7 | 22.8 | 100.0 |
| <u>Delaware</u> | 4.8 | 59.7 | 20.7 | 14.8 | 100.0 |
| <u>Florida</u> | 6.0 | 61.5 | 18.0 | 14.4 | 100.0 |
| <u>Georgia</u> | 3.5 | 64.8 | 15.3 | 16.4 | 100.0 |
| <u>Hawaii</u> | 6.6 | 66.5 | 13.5 | 13.3 | 100.0 |
| Iowa | 5.1 | 69.4 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 100.0 |
| <u>Idaho</u> | 6.0 | 68.4 | 15.5 | 10.1 | 100.0 |

Example of Data Table Comparing Two Geographic Areas

Question: Indicator 4.9: A personal doctor or nurse is a health professional who knows your child well and is familiar with your child's health history. Do you have one or more person(s) you think of as (child's name)'s personal doctor or nurse? (S5Q01)

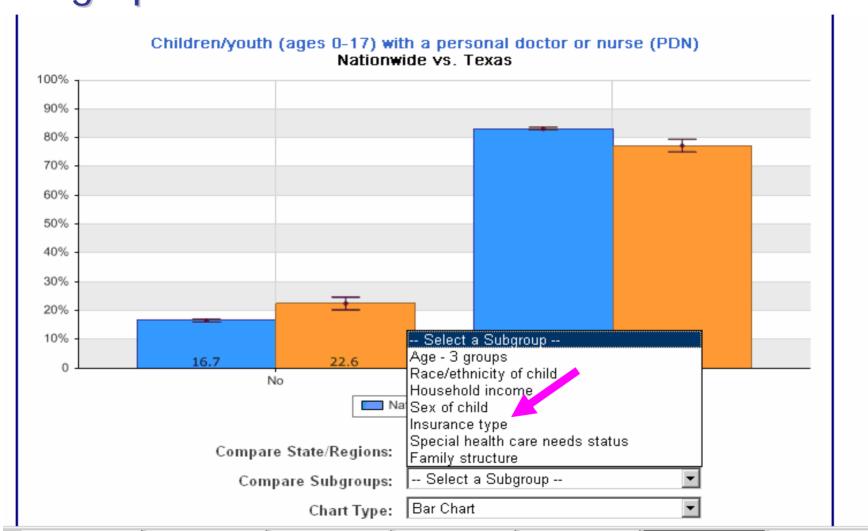
| Region | | No | Yes | Total % |
|------------|------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| Nationwide | % | 16.7 | 83.3 | 100.0 |
| | C.I. | (16.2 - 17.1) | (82.9 - 83.8) | |
| | n | 14,568 | 87,491 | |
| | Est. | 12,077,887 | 60,397,981 | |
| Texas | % | 22.6 | 77.4 | 100.0 |
| | C.I. | (20.4 - 24.8) | (75.2 - 79.6) | |
| | n | 433 | 1,740 | |
| | Est. | 1,400,973 | 4,799,550 | |

For a detailed explanation of the data MOVE your cursor over the text in the table or the bold text below

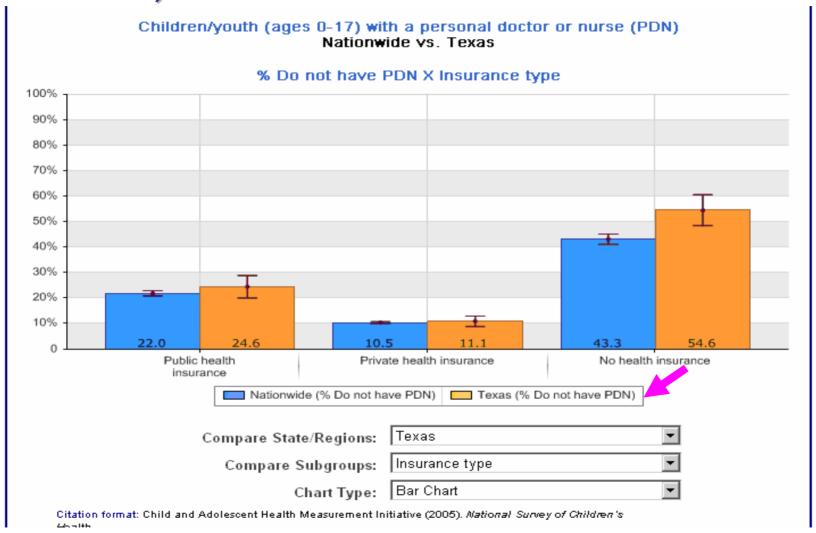
C.I. = 95% Confidence Interval. Percentages are <u>weighted to population characteristics</u>.

n = Cell size. Use caution in interpreting Cell sizes less than 50.

Example of Graph Comparing Two Geographic Areas



Graph Comparing Two Geographic Areas and Three Subgroups of Children (by Type of Health Insurance)





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Welcome to the Data Resource Center online tour!

The Data Resource Center online tour is designed to help users learn more about the website's features and options for obtaining data results. Each interactive session provides step-by-step instructions and easy to follow guidelines for conducting data searches and using the results. The content in each session builds on learning from previous sessions and we recommend starting with Part 1 the first time you take the tour.

WHAT DO I NEED? The online tour uses Macromedia Flash. Newer browsers come with built-in support for Flash; older browsers sometimes require a plug-in that can be downloaded at no cost from the <u>Macromedia Flash Player</u> site.

WHAT IF MY COMPUTER DOESN'T HAVE SPEAKERS? If your computer doesn't have the ability to play audio, you can still take the tour by following along using the written transcript for each session.

Part 1: Getting Started

Learn to conduct a basic data search, how to interpret the results, and where to access additional information about specific child health indicators.

Download written transcript (PDF)

Part 2: Comparing Subgroups and Saving Search Results

Practice comparing data results for children from different demographic subgroups, learn how to read the bar chart display, and find out where to save search results for easy reference later.

Download written transcript (PDF)

Part 3: Ranking and Comparing State Results
 Learn about the website's State Profile feature, practice comparing data search results for different states or regions, and use the "All States" table option to rank states according to their child health indicator results.

Download written transcript (PDF)

line Tour NEW!

k a Question

l a Friend

Jpdates swer Our Brief

er Poll

CH Survey

CSHCN Survey

is site is a project of



Two Ways to Look at Data

- 1. Start with your State Profile
- 2. Search the data for single topics and indicators



ational Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs Data Resource Center — Your Data... Your story

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CSHCN Survey Home Begin by selecting one of theses three 3 steps - and don't forget to check out the State Profiles option below.

Start Data Query

State Profiles

Ouick Guides

 Resources for Data Users

Especially for Families

State Data Sets

- SIGN IN
- AWSTATS
- ONLINE TOUR NEW!
- ASK A QUESTION
- ANSWER OUR BRIEF USER POLL
- TELL A FRIEND





Start HERE!



1. Learn about the survey



2. Search the data



3. Report your results

On Its Way!

2005 NS-CSHCN Data Coming Fall 2007

To Preview Content Guide Click Here

- Charthooks
- Publications & Presentations
- Data in Action
- Frequently Asked Questions
- E-Updates



DRC Home

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State & Regional Profiles on Key Indicators for CYSHCN

Click on a state below or HRSA Region on the right to view results:



4 (

National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs, 2001

California

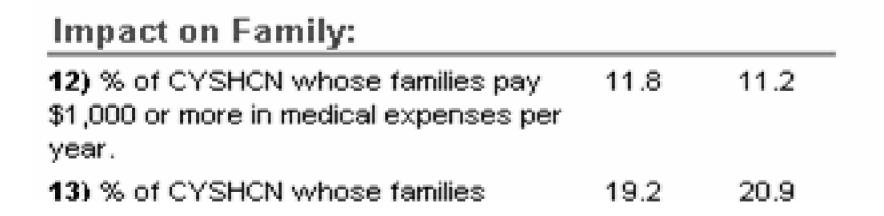
Children ages 0-17 years old

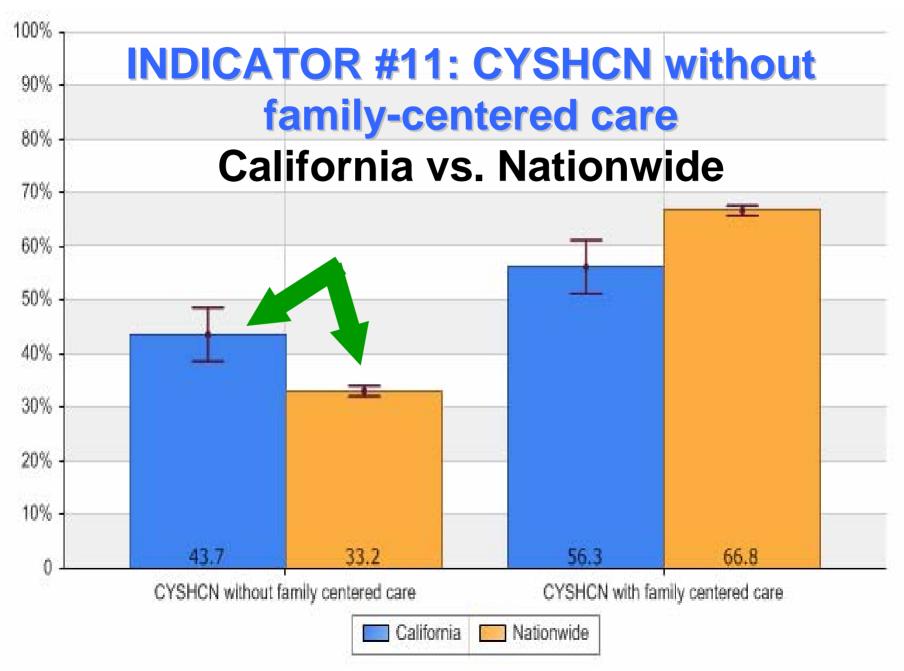
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| | | | | | |

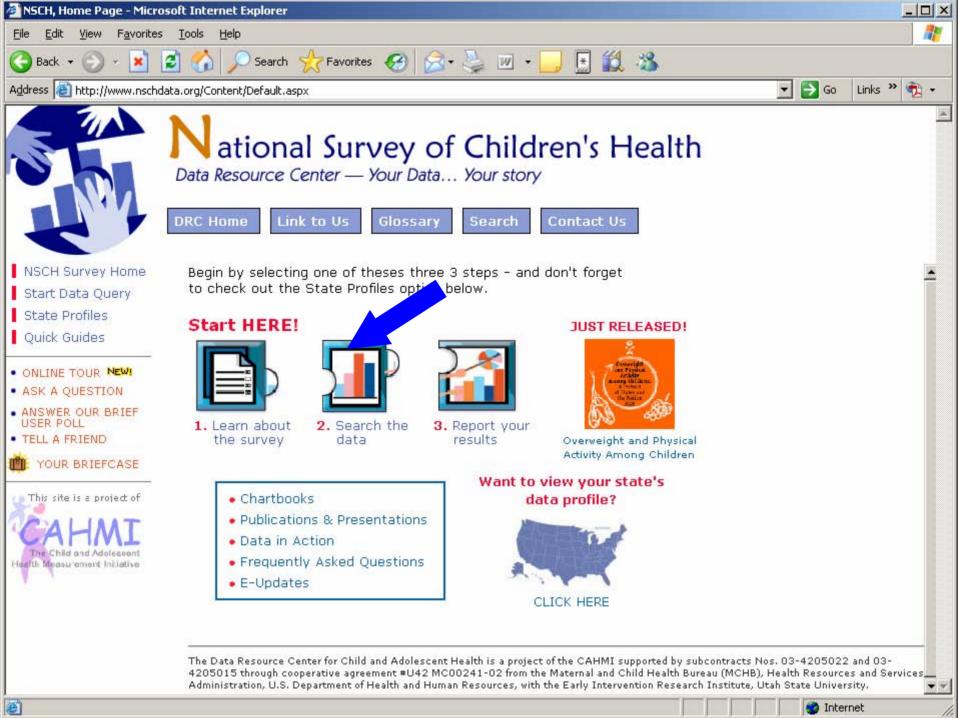
| Prevalence Statistics | | | Indicator | | |
|---|---------|---------------|---|------|------|
| Child-Level Prevalence: State % Nation % | | Child Health: | State % Nation | | |
| Percentage of Children & Youth with Special Health Care Needs, 0 - 17 yrs old | 10.3 | 12.8 | % of CYSHCN whose health conditions consistently and often greatly affect their daily activities. | 24.0 | 23.2 |
| Household-Level Prevale | ence: | | % of CYSHCN with 11 or more days of school absences due to illness. | 16.2 | 15.8 |
| Percentage of Households with Children that have one or more | 17.0 | 20.0 | Health Insurance Coverage: | | |
| CYSHCN, 0 - 17 yrs old Prevalence by Age: | | | % of CYSHCN without insurance at some point during the past year. | 9.9 | 11.6 |
| | 5.7 | 7.8 | 4) % of CYSHCN currently uninsured. | 4.3 | 5.2 |
| Children 0-5 years of age Children 6-11 years of age | 11.2 | 14.6 | % of currently insured CYSHCN with coverage that is not adequate. | 36.5 | 33.8 |
| Children 12-17 years of age | 14.0 | 15.8 | Access to Care: | | |
| Prevalence by Sex: | | | 6) % of CYSHCN with 1 or more unmet | 23.1 | 17.7 |
| Female | 8.3 | 10.5 | needs for specific health care services. | 25.1 | 17.7 |
| Male | 12.3 | 15.0 | 7b) % of CYSHCN whose families | 25.1 | 23.1 |
| Prevalence by Poverty L | evel: | | needed but did not get all respite care, genetic counseling and/or mental health | | |
| 0% - 99% FPL | 7.5 | 13.6 | services. | | |
| 100% - 199% FPL | 9.7 | 13.6 | 8) % of CYSHCN needing specialty care | 27.3 | 21.9 |
| 200% - 399% FPL | 11.0 | 12.8 | who had problems getting a referral. | | |
| 400% FPL or greater | 13.8 | 13.6 | 9) % of CYSHCN without a usual source | 9.5 | 9.3 |
| Prevalence by Race/Ethr | nicity: | | of care (or who rely on the emergency room). | | |
| Hispanic | 7.6 | 8.5 | 10) % of CYSHCN without a personal | 13.2 | 11.0 |

| 8) % of CYSHCN needing specialty care who had problems getting a referral. | 27.3 | 21.9 | _ |
|--|------|------|---|
| % of CYSHCN without a usual source of care (or who rely on the emergency | 9.5 | 9.3 | |
| room). 10) % of CYSHCN without a personal doctor or nurse. | 13.2 | 11.0 | |

Family-Centered Care:









ational Survey of Children's Health

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- ONLINE TOUR NEW!
- ASK A QUESTION
- ANSWER OUR BRIEF USER POLL
- TELL A FRIEND





1. Learn about the survey 2. Search the data 3. Report your results

To begin an interactive des

Select a starting point from the list below

- C Child Health Measures (Content Map) Over 60 indicators of child health and well-being
- State Profile (Content Map) Compare State Profile results for different groups of children
- Healthy People 2010 (Content Map) Survey content pertaining to Healthy People 2010 goals
- Survey Sections (Content Map)

esponses to questions asked in each section of the survey

OR

Enter a word, phrase or topic to look for:

• All the words • Any of the words • Exact phrase

| Examples of available information | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------|
| 2. Select a Topic | • | Select |
| Physical and Dental Health | | О |
| Emotional and Mental Health | | О |
| Health Insurance Coverage | | o |
| Health Care Access and Quality | | О |
| Community and School Activities | | O |
| Family Health and Activities | | 0 |
| Neighborhood Safety and Support | | О |



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State Data Sets

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YOUR BRIEFCASE

ational Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs

Search

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What's New

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1. How easy was it for you to find what you needed from the Data Resource Center website? (check one)

Contact Us

Tell Us What You Think

| State Fromes | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Quick Guides | O Very easy |
| Resources for | Easy Somewhat easy |
| Data Users | Not easy, but I was able to find what I needed |
| Especially for Families | O Did not find what I needed (if you would like assistance, please provide your e-mail address in the comment box at the bottom of this page and we will contact you |

2. How do you plan to use information from this website? (check all that apply)

| L Research |
|---|
| Policy |
| Presentation |
| Paper/Document I am writing |
| To educate self or others |
| Other (please describe in the comment box at the bottom of this page) |

3. How likely are you to visit the Data Resource Center website again? (check one)

O Very likely O Likely O Somewhat likely Not likely at all

O Don't know



Data Resource Center for Child & Adolescent Health

Your Data... Your story

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Ask a Question

Tell a Friend

- Sign Up for E-Updates
- Link To Us
- Answer Our Brief User Poll
- NSCH Survey
- NS-CSHCN Survey

Ask a Question

| Your Email Address: | |
|---------------------|--|
| Subject: | |
| Message: | |
| | |

Send



Real Data in Action

Wendy Benz



Why is Data Useful?

- **1. ADVOCACY:** Data strengthens your position that change is needed.
- 2. REPRESENTATION: Data describes who you are and why your views are important.
- 3. JUSTIFICATION: Data supports your assertion that your program is worthwhile.



How Have We Used the DRC?

- 1. Medicaid Buy-In
 General State Demographic data
- 2. Electronic Health Records System
 Parent-Professional Partnership data
- 3. Health Care Provider Trainings Family-Centered Care data



Program Example

ADVOCACY: Medicaid Buy-In





ADVOCACY: Medicaid Buy-In

Goal: Convince state policy makers that a change is needed

Why should we implement a Medicaid buy-in program?



ADVOCACY: Medicaid Buy-In

Strategy:

National Survey of CSHCN data

+

Catalyst Center data analysis

+

Photos of our Kids



ADVOCACY: Medicaid Buy-In

Audience:

- state Medicaid program mgmt
- Medicaid contracted providers
- Health Dept mgmt
- Governor's office
- legislators
- advocates

Arizona's Children with Special Health Care Needs

Options to Expand Coverage via the Deficit Reduction Act

Who are our CSHCN?

1. 10.8% of
Arizona's
children have
a special
health care
need.



Insurance Coverage

1. 13.6% of Arizona's CSHCN were uninsured at some point during 2001.



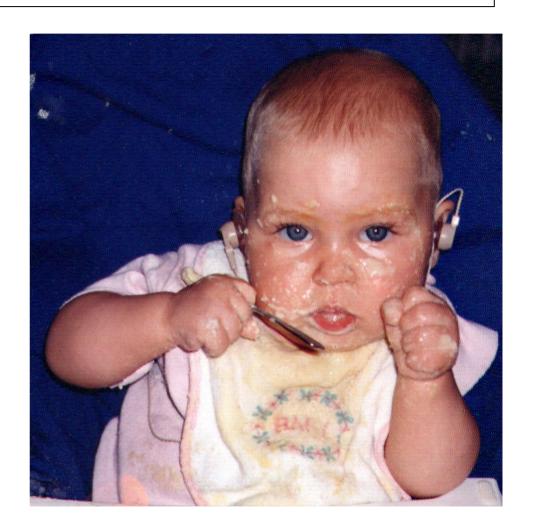
Insurance Coverage

1. 19.1% of Arizona's **CSHCN** had 1 or more unmet needs for specific health care services.



Insurance Coverage

1. 25.6% of Arizona's CSHCN needing specialty care had problems getting a referral.



Family Financial Impact

1. 18.3% of Arizona's CSHCN had health needs that caused family financial problems.



Family Financial Impact

1. 30.3% of Arizona's **CSHCN** had health needs that caused a family member to cut back or stop working.





Program Example

REPRESENTATION:

Electronic Health Records System





Goal: Convince policymakers that family representatives should be included

Why should we consider your views in the design of our state's electronic health records system?



Strategy:

Personal story & data



National Survey of CSHCN data



Audience:

- state EHRS committee
- state Medicaid program
- Governor's office
- hospital systems
- doctor practices & other providers
- insurance companies/health plans
- computer systems designers
- attorneys



"My daughter Allison was born two months premature. She spent her first six weeks in the NICU. At discharge, we received her hospital medical records file – it was 3" thick; I know because I measured it...







"In the 13 years since Allison was born, we have moved six times across three different states. We have collected medical records -- all paper -- from:



- "9 pediatricians
- 5 neurologists
- 4 orthopedists
- **6** ENTs
- 7 audiologists
- 10 speech therapists
- 12 physical therapists
- 8 occupational therapists
- 7 oral motor therapists
- 3 child psychologists...





"Allison's medical records file is now a file cabinet.





11% of Arizona's kids have special health care needs.





70% of Arizona's families of kids with special needs do not believe they are receiving effective care coordination.





75% of our families do not believe that doctors & other programs share information effectively.



Program Example

JUSTIFICATION: Health Care

Provider Training





Goal: Convince educators & health care students of the value of family-centered care

Why should future health care providers learn (and care) about family-centered care practices?



Strategy:

Family-Centered Care Curriculum

+

Personal stories from Family Faculty

+

National Survey of CSHCN data



Audience:

- education program coordinators
- medical residents
- dental students
- student nurses



Needs Statement

To effectively coordinate care and achieve improved health outcomes for children, providers need an adequate understanding of family-centered care principles and related concepts.







Supporting Data for Arizona

70% families do not receive effective care coordination.

75% families do not believe that doctors and other programs share information effectively.

36% families do not receive familycentered care.







49% families are not partners in decision-making and satisfied with their child's care.

66% Hispanic families are not partners in decision-making and satisfied with their child's care.







64% Arizona children do not have a Medical Home (national average is 54%).

50% Arizona's CSHCN do not have a Medical Home.

66% Arizona's CSHCN with public insurance do not have a Medical Home.



Data Resource Center for Child & Adolescent Health

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